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### **1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

### PRODUCT NAME: ELECTRA AAA

ROCKMOUNT RESEARCH & ALLOYS, INC. 11909 N. E. 95th Street Vancouver, WA 98668 Phone: 360-254-2020 Fax: 360-254-2332 E-mail: sales@weldit.com

#### EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: 360-254-2020

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Emergency Overview:** These products are normally not considered hazardous as shipped. Avoid inhalation of dust or eye contact from these produces. When these produces are used in a welding process, the most important hazards are heat, radiation, electric shock and inhalation of welding fumes. Classification of the Substance/Mixture

CLP/GHS Classification (1272/2008): Skin Irritation, Category 2 Skin Sensitization, Category 1 Eye Irritation, Category 2 Carcinogenicity, Category 2 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure), Category 2

EU Classification (67/548/EEC): Toxic (T), Harmful (Xn), Irritant (Xi), Carcinogen Category 3, R48/23, R40, R36/37/38, R43

Labelling:

Symbols:





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### Signal Word: Danger Hazard Statements:

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H372 - Causes damage to respiratory system, eyes, brain and nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H373 - May cause damage to respiratory system, eyes, brain and nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### **Precautionary Statements:**

P201 – Obtain special instructions before use.

- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- **P260** Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- **P264** Wash skin and hair thoroughly after handling.
- **P272** Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- **P280** Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.
- P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.
- P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

**P305+P351+P338** – **IF IN EYES:** Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

**P308+P313** – IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
- **P332 + P313 -** IF skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- **P362** Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
- **P402+P404** Store in dry place. Store in a closed container.

P405 – Store locked up.

**P501** – Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

# ROCKMOUNT

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Welding Alloys

Chemical Identity	CAS #	Range %	OSHA PEL	ACGIH-TLV	Carcinogenicity	EU Classification (67/548/EEC)	CLP/GHS Classification (1272/2008)
			(mg/m3)	(mg/m3)		(07/340/EEC)	
Cellulose	9004-34-6	10-20	NR	10	No	Not Dangerous	Not Hazardous
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	1-11	5 (as CaO)	10	No	Not Dangerous	Not Hazardous
Talc	14807-96-6	1-11	2	2	No	(Xn) R20 Xin( R37 X	(H332) Acute Tox. 4 (H335) STOT SE 3
Silicon	7440-21-3	1-11	5 (as SiO2)	5 (as SiO2)	No	(F) R11	(H228) Flam. Sol. 2 🛛 🛞
Kaolin	1332-58-7	1-11	10	2	No	Not Dangerous	Not Hazardous
Feldspar	68476-25-5	1-20	NR	NR	No	Not Dangerous	Not Hazardous
Calcium Fluoride	7789-75-5	1-11	2.5 ( as F)	2.5 ( as F)	No	(Xi) R36/37/38	(H315) Skin Irrit. 2 (H319) Eye Irrit 2A (H335) STOT SE 3
#Manganese	7439-96-5	1-11	5	1	No	(Xn) R48	(H373) STOT RE-2
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10-20	15	10	No	Carc. Cat. 3 (Xn) R40	(H351) Carc. 2
Potassium Silicate	1312-76-1	1-11	NR	5	No	(Xi) R36/38	(H315) Skin Irrit. 2 (H319) Eye Irrit. 2A
	7440-02-0	7440-02-0 35-45	1	1	Yes	Carc. Cat. 3	
<i>(</i> ), (), (), (), (), (), (), (), (), (), (						(Xn) R40	(H317) Skin Sens. 1 🔹
#Nickel						(Xi) R43	(H351) Carc. 2
						(T) R48/23	(H372) STOT RE 1 🛛 📀
Iron	7439-89-6	30-35	10 ( as Fe2O3 )	10 (as Fe203)	No	Not Dangerous	Not Hazardous
Sodium Silicate	1344-09-8	1-11	NR	5	No	(C) R34	(H314) Skin Corr. 1B 📀
Mica	12001-26-2	1-11	3	3	No	Not Dangerous	Not Hazardous
Magnesium Carbonate	546-93-0	1-11	15	10	No	Not Dangerous	Not Hazardous
Potassium Tita.	12030-97-6	1-11	NR	NR	No	Not Dangerous	Not Hazardous

SAFETY

DATA SHEET

**3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS** 

Important: This section covers the materials of which the products manufactured. The fumes and gases produced during normal use of this product are covered in section 10. The term "Hazardous" in "Hazardous Material" should be interpreted as a term required and defined in OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910-1200 and it does not necessarily imply the existence of hazard. The chemicals or compounds reportable by Section 313 of SARA are marked by the symbol #.



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#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air immediately or administer oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin: Flush skin with large amounts of water. If irritation develops and persists, get medical attention.

Eye: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Ingestion: Obtain medical attention immediately if ingested.

**Electric Shock:** Disconnect and turn off the power. Use a nonconductive material to pull victim away from contact with live parts or wires. Immediately contact a physician.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:** Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Welding arcs and sparks can ignite combustible and flammable materials. Use the extinguishing media recommended for the burning material and fire situation.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Not applicable

Specific Hazards Arising From Chemical: Not applicable

Hydrogen fluoride, Calcium oxide, Iron oxides, Carbon oxides, Strontium oxides, Aluminum oxide, Copper oxides,

Nickel/nickel oxides, Sodium oxides, Silicon oxides.

Protective Equipment: Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Refer to section 8.

Environment Precautions: Refer to section 13.

**Cleaning Measures:** Solid objects may be picked up and placed into a container. Liquids or pastes should be scooped up and placed into a container. Wear proper protective equipment while handling these materials. Do not discard as refuse.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for Safe Handling:** Handle with care to avoid stings or cuts. Wear gloves when handling welding consumables. Avoid exposure to dust. Do not ingest. Some individuals can develop an allergic reaction to certain materials. Retain all warning and identity labels.

**Conditions for Safe Storage:** Store in dry place in closed packages. Keep separate from chemical substances like acids and strong bases, which could cause chemical reactions.



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### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Engineering Controls:** Avoid exposure to welding fumes, radiation, spatter, electric shock, heated materials and dust. Ensure sufficient ventilation, local exhaust, or both, to keep welding fumes and gases from breathing zone and general area. Keep work place and protective clothing clean and dry. Train welders to avoid contact with live electrical parts and insulate conductive parts. Check condition of protective clothing and equipment on a regular basis.

**Exposure limits:** Use industrial hygiene equipment to ensure that exposure does not exceed applicable national exposure limits. The limits defined under section 3 can be used as guidance. Unless noted, all values are for 8 hour time weighted average. For information about welding fume analysis refer to section 10.

Biological limits: No available data

### **Personal protection:**

Respiratory protection: Use an air purifying dust respirator when welding or brazing in a confined space, or when local exhaust or ventilation is not sufficient to keep exposure values within safe limits.

Hands protection: Wear appropriate gloves to prevent skin contact.

**EN 12477:** Protection gloves for welders

Requirements (EN Levels)	Туре А	Туре В
Abrasion (Cycles)	2 (500)	1 (100)
Cut (Factor)	1 (1.2)	1 (1.2)
Tear (Newton)	2 (25)	1 (10)
Puncture (Newton)	2 (60)	1 (20)
Burning Behavior	3	2
Contact Heat	1	1
Convective Heat	2	-
Small Splashes	3	2
Dexterity	1 (11)	4 (6.5)

Type B gloves are recommended when high dexterity is required as for TIG welding, while type A gloves are recommended for other welding processes. The contact temp (°C) is 100 and the threshold time (seconds) >15.

**Eyes protection:** Welder's helmet or face shield with color absorbing lenses. Shield and filter to provide protection from harmful UV radiation, infra red and molten metal approved to standard EN379. Filter shade to be a minimum of shade 9. **Skin protection:** Heat-resistant protective clothing. Wear safety boots, apron, arm and shoulder protection. Keep protective clothing clean and dry. Clothing should be selected to suit the level, duration and purpose of the welding activity.



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Class 1		
Impact of Spatter 15 Drops		
Heat Transfer (radiation)	RHTI 24 $\geq$ 7 seconds	
Process	Manual welding with light formation of spatter and drops	
	• Gas Welding	
	• TIG Welding	
	MIG Welding	
	Micro plasma welding	
	Brazing	
	Spot Welding	
	<ul> <li>MMA Welding (with rutile-covered electrode)</li> </ul>	
Environmental Conditions	Operation of machines	
	<ul> <li>Oxygen cutting machines</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Plasma cutting machines</li> </ul>	
	Resistance welding machines	
	<ul> <li>Machines for thermal spraying</li> </ul>	
	Bench welding	

Class 2		
Impact of Spatter	25 Drops	
Heat Transfer (radiation)	RHTI 24 ≥ 16 seconds	
Process	Manual welding with heavy formation of spatter and drops	
	<ul> <li>MMA welding (with basic or cellulose-covered electrodes)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>MAG welding (with CO2 or mixed gases)</li> </ul>	
	• MIG Welding (with high current)	
	<ul> <li>Self shielded flux core arc welding</li> </ul>	
	Plasma cutting	
	• Gouging	
	Oxygen cutting	
	Thermal spraying	
Environmental Conditions	Operation of machines	
	In confined spaces	
	<ul> <li>At overhead welding/cutting or in comparable constrained positions</li> </ul>	



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### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Solid. Color: Lt. Gray, Salmon, Blue, Gray, Brown, Gray, Black, Red Odor: Odorless Odor Threshold: Not Available pH Value: Not Available Melting Point/Melting Range: 1560-3200 Degrees F, 850-1538 Degrees C Freezing Point: Not Available Boiling Point/Boiling Range: Not Available Flash point: Not Available Evaporation Rate: Not Available Self-in flammability: Not Available **Explosion limits:** Not Available Vapor pressure: Not Available Vapor density: Not Available Density at 20°C: Not Available Relative density: 6-9 g/cm3 Solubility: Insoluble in water. Partition coefficient: Not Available Auto-ignition temperature: Not Available Decomposition temperature: Not Available Other Information: No available data.

**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY** 

Chemical Stability: This product is stable under normal conditions.

Hazardous Reactions: Contact with chemical substances like acids or strong bases cause generation of gas.

Conditions to Avoid: Copper can form an unstable acetylide if in contact with acetylene gas.

**Incompatible Materials:** Strong Oxidizers; Ammonia; Azides; Bromates; Chlorates, and Iodates of Alkali and Alkali Earth Metals; Halogens; Alkaline Hydroxides. Reacts with acids.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** When this product is used in a welding process, hazardous decomposition product would include those from volatilization, reaction or oxidation of the material listed in section 3 and those from the base metal and coating. The amount of fumes generated from this product varies with welding parameters and dimensions. The rest is not analyzed, according to available standards. Refer to applicable national exposure limits for fume compounds, including those exposure limits for fume compounds found in section 3. Reasonably expected gaseous products would include carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides and ozone. Air contaminants around the welding area can be affected by the welding process and influence the composition and quality of fumes and gases produced.



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### **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Signs and Symptoms of Overexposure: Inhalation of welding fumes and gases can be dangerous to your health. Classification of welding fumes is difficult because of varying base materials, coatings, air contaminants and processes. The Internal Agency for Research on Cancer has classified welding fumes as possible carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B). Acute Effects: Overexposure to welding fumes may result in symptoms like metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, dryness or irritation of the nose, throat or eyes. Copper: Acute exposure to copper may cause capillary damage, headache, cold sweat, weak pulse, kidney and liver damage, central nervous system excitation followed by depression, jaundice, convulsions, paralysis and coma. Death may occur from shock or renal failure.

LD/LC50 Values that are	relevant for classificati	ion
Cellulose 9004-34-6		
Oral	LD50	>5000 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LC50	>2000 mg/kg (rabbit)
LD/LC50 Values that are		ion
Calcium Carbonate 1317	The second se	
Oral	LD50	>2000 mg/kg (rat)
Inhalation	LC50	>3 mg/L/4h. (rat
Dermal	LD50	>2000 mg/kg (rat)
LD/LC50 Values that are	rolovant for classificati	ion
Silicon 7440-21-3		
Oral	LD50, LCD50	3160 mg/kg (rat)
Ordi	1050, 10050	5100 mg/ kg (100)
LD/LC50 Values that are	relevant for classificati	ion
Calcium Fluoride 7789-7	5-5	
Oral	LD50	>2000 mg/kg (rat)
Inhalation	LC50	>5070 mg/m3/4 hr. (rat)
LD/LC50 Values that are	relevant for classificati	ion
Manganese 7439-96-5		
Oral	LD50, LCD50	9000 mg/kg (rat)
LD/LC50 Values that are	relevant for classificati	ion
Nickel 7440-02-0		
Oral	LD50	>9000 mg/kg (rat)
Inhalation	LC50	>10.2 mg/L/1 hr. (rat)



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LD/LC50 Values that	at are relevant for classifi	ication	
Titanium Dioxide 1	3463-67-7		
Oral	LCD50	>10000 mg/kg (rat)	
Dermal	LCD50	>10000 mg/kg (rabbit)	

LD/LC50 Values that are relevant for classification			
Iron 7439-89-6			
Oral	LD50	30000 mg/kg (rat)	

**Chronic Effects:** Overexposure to welding fumes may affect pulmonary function and eyes. Overexposure to manganese and manganese compounds above safe exposure limits can cause irreversible damage to the central nervous system, including the brain, symptoms of which may included slurred speech, lethargy, tremor, muscular weakness, psychological disturbances and spastic gait. Prolonged inhalation of titanium dioxide (Classified by 2B by IARC) above safe exposure limits can cause cancer. Prolonged inhalation of titanium dioxide (Classified 2B by IARC) above safe exposure limits can cause cancer. Prolonged inhalation of crystalline silica (Classified 1 by IARC and K by NTP) above a safe exposure can cause cancer.

### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Toxicity:** Welding rods contain metals which are considered to be very toxic towards aquatic organisms. Finely divided welding rods are therefore considered harmful to aquatic organisms.

**Persistence and Degradability:** The welding rods consist of elements that can not degrade any further in the environment. **Bio accumulative Potential:** Welding rods contain heavy metals which bio accumulates in the food chain. The following figures are the bio concentration factor (BCF) for the substances on their own.

BCF:

Manganese, BCF: 59052 Nickel, BCF: 16

Iron, BCF: 140000

**Mobility in Soil:** Welding rods are not soluble in water or soil. Particles formed by working welding rods can be transported in the air.

**Other Adverse Effects:** In massive form, welding rods present no hazards to the aquatic environment.

Welding materials could degrade into components originating from the materials used in the welding process. Avoid exposure to conditions that could lead to accumulation in soils or groundwater. Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Product: For product elimination, consult recycling companies or appropriate local authority.

**USA RCRA:** In their intended manner of use, this product should not be released into the environment and may cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. Residue from welding consumables and processes could degrade and accumulate in soils and groundwater.

Package: May be disposed in approved landfills provided local regulations are observed.



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### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**UN-number:** Welding rods are not classified as dangerous goods for transport and have no UN number. **UN proper shipping name:** Welding rods are not classified as dangerous goods for transport and has no UN proper shipping name.

Transport hazard class: Welding rods are not classified as dangerous goods for transport.

**Packing group:** There are not any special precautions with which a user should or must comply or be aware of in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside premises.

**Environmental hazards:** Welding rods are not environmentally hazardous according to the criteria of the UN Model Regulations (as reflected in the IMDG Code, ADR, RID and AND) and/or a marine pollutant to the IMDG Code.

**Special precautions for users:** There are not any special precautions which a user should or must comply or be aware of in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside premises of the welding rod.

Transport in Bulk According to Annex III MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Welding rods in massive form do not subject under MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code. Not applicable – product is transported only in packaged form.

### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**Safety, health and environment regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:** Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions, your employer's safety practices and the health and safety instructions on the label. Observe any federal and local regulations. Take precautions when welding and protect yourself and others.

**Warning:** Welding fumes and gases are hazardous to your health and may damage lungs and other organs. Use adequate ventilation. Electric shock can kill. Arc rays and sparks can injure eyes and burn skin. Wear correct hand, head, eye and body protection.

### Chemical safety assessment: No

**USA:** Under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, this product is considered hazardous. This product contains or produces a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer and birth defects (or other reproductive harm). (California Health & Safety Code § 25249.5 et seq.) United States EPA Toxic Substance Control Act: All constituents of this product are on the TSCA inventory list or are excluded from listing.

### **EPCRA/SARA Title III Toxic Chemicals**

The following metallic components are listed as SARA 313 "Toxic Chemicals" and potential subject to annual SARA reporting. See Section 3 for weight percentage.

Ingredient Name	Disclosure Threshold
Manganese	5 mg/m3
Nickel	1 mg/m3



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The information in this document is believed to be correct as of the date issued. However, no warranty is expressed to be implied regarding the accuracy or completeness of this information. This information and product are furnished on the condition that the person receiving them shall make his own determinations as to the suitability of the product for his particular purpose and on the condition that he assumes the risk of his use thereof.

This Safety Data Sheet complies with the EC directives 91/155/EEC and 93/112/EEC, including modifications 2001/58/EC. Complies with OSHA Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 and Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 Public Law 99-499

### **Hazard Statements:**

- H228 Flammable solid.
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H351 Suspected of causing lung cancer.
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### **R-Phrases:**

- R11 Highly Flammable.
- R20 Harmful by inhalation.
- R34 causes burns.

**R36/38** - Irritating to the eyes and skin.

- R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.
- R40 Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.
- **R43** May cause sensitization by skin contact.
- **R48** Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure.
- **R48/20** Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.
- R48/23 Toxic: Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.





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### S-Phrases:

**S15** - Keep away from heat.

**S26** - In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

**S28** - After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water.

**S36/37/39** - Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

**S43** - In case of fire, use fire-fighting equipment on basis class D.

**S45** - In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advise immediately (show the label where possible).

End of the document.